Product data sheet



MedKoo Cat#: 573824 Name: S-(3-Carboxypropyl)-L-cysteine CAS#: 30845-11-5 Chemical Formula: C7H13NO4S Exact Mass: 207.0565 HO Molecular Weight: 207.24 Product supplied as: Powder NH_2 ≥ 98% Purity (by HPLC): Shipping conditions Ambient temperature Powder: -20°C 3 years; 4°C 2 years. Storage conditions:

1. Product description:

S-(3-Carboxypropyl)-L-cysteine is a thioether derivative of L-cysteine.

In solvent: -80°C 3 months; -20°C 2 weeks.

2. CoA, QC data, SDS, and handling instruction

SDS and handling instruction, CoA with copies of QC data (NMR, HPLC and MS analytical spectra) can be downloaded from the product web page under "QC And Documents" section. Note: copies of analytical spectra may not be available if the product is being supplied by MedKoo partners. Whether the product was made by MedKoo or provided by its partners, the quality is 100% guaranteed.

3. Solubility data

Solvent	Max Conc. mg/mL	Max Conc. mM
N/A	N/A	N/A

4. Stock solution preparation table:

Concentration / Solvent Volume / Mass	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
1 mM	4.83 mL	24.13 mL	48.25 mL
5 mM	0.97 mL	4.83 mL	9.65 mL
10 mM	0.48 mL	2.41 mL	4.83 mL
50 mM	0.10 mL	0.48 mL	0.97 mL

5. Molarity Calculator, Reconstitution Calculator, Dilution Calculator

Please refer the product web page under section of "Calculator"

6. Recommended literature which reported protocols for in vitro and in vivo study

In vitro study

1. Yadav PK, Vitvitsky V, Kim H, White A, Cho US, Banerjee R. S-3-Carboxypropyl-l-cysteine specifically inhibits cystathionine γ -lyase-dependent hydrogen sulfide synthesis. J Biol Chem. 2019 Jul 12;294(28):11011-11022. doi: 10.1074/jbc.RA119.009047. Epub 2019 Jun 3. PMID: 31160338; PMCID: PMC6635441.

In vivo study

N/A

7. Bioactivity

Biological target:

S-(3-Carboxypropyl)-L-cysteine is a thioether derivative of L-cysteine.

In vitro activity

CPC was a competitive inhibitor with respect to both cystathionine and cysteine in the canonical and H_2S synthesis reactions, respectively. The lower K_i value in the cystathionine ($50 \pm 3 \mu m$) *versus* cysteine ($180 \pm 15 \mu m$) cleavage assay suggests that CPC competes more effectively against the longer cystathionine *versus* the shorter cysteine substrate. The $K_{d(app)}$ for CPC binding to CSE was $26 \pm 3 \mu m$. In cell culture, CPC inhibited the transsulfuration flux, an indicator of the canonical CSE reaction; $\geq 80\%$ inhibition was observed in HepG2 cells at a concentration of 2.5 mm CPC (Fig. 5A).

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Reference: J Biol Chem. 2019 Jul 12;294(28):11011-11022. https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/31160338/

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In	VIVO	activity

N/A

Note: The information listed here was extracted from literature. MedKoo has not independently retested and confirmed the accuracy of these methods. Customer should use it just for a reference only.